Ţ	Are you suggesting to the Commission that we
2	would have to have another start up revenue type
3	requirement that we had at the beginning of NRF?
4	A This statement is made in the context of a
5	discussion of the content of purchase price caps. And
6	the short answer to your question is, yes, I am if in
7	fact the Commission were to pursue a pure price caps
8	approach.
9	As I explain in the testimony, the current
10	rate level because of the manner in which it was
11	developed and the manner in which it has been adjusted
12	under the NRF since 19 since the beginning of 1990
13	captures embedded cost levels which are simply
14	inapplicable in a pure price cap regime in which we are
15	presumably trying to truly simulate the competitive
16	outcome where we're there is no longer any sharing
17	and the company is in effect permitted to behave in the
18	marketplace, assume risks in the marketplace and
19	generate rewards in the marketplace that are essentially
20	identical to that which would be reasonable to a
21	competitive firm.
22	So my testimony is that if the Commission were
23	to adopt pure price caps and to eliminate sharing, then
24	a reinitialization of rate levels to their TSLRIC-based
25	levels to exclude any excessive embedded or unrecovered
26	embedded cost levels is both necessary and appropriate.
27	Q Okay. On page 26 of your testimony
28	Dr. Selwyn, at line 6, you refer to an offset against

1	non-book asset gains.
2	And just for my own edification, what are
3	non-book asset gains that you're referring to here?
4	A I've discussed that extensively in my
5	testimony. And a non-book asset is a property that is
6	of value to a corporation that is capable of generating
7	revenue and income for the corporation but which for
8	reasons of accounting convention, does not appear as a
9	capital as set on the companies books.
10	For example, the appreciation in value of an
11	intangible asset such as brand identification or
12	customer lists or the capability of exploiting an
13	embedded infrastructure to generate additional revenues
14	that in non-regulated competitive services that up to
15	now may not have existed all constitute an appreciation
16	value of non book assets.
17	We saw this kind of thing occurring, for
18	example, in the case of the cellular industry where the
19	licenses were acquired at by the wireline carriers at
20	zero cost and yet have over the years escalated in
21	market value to quite substantial levels.
22	Q When you said they don't appear on company
23	books, you mean there is no USOA account that they're
24	booked to; isn't that correct?
25	A That's correct. And similarly, there's no
26	financial generally speaking, those assets are not
27	reflected on the company's GAAP-type books either,
28	GAAP.

1	Q Dr. Selwyn, do services with higher demand
2	growth generate higher productivity gains for a company
3	than prior growth services operate generate?
4	A All other things being equal, are we speaking
5	of LECs specifically or did you want me answer that
6	question for the world at large?
7	Q The world at large.
8	A Is that right?
9	Well, the principle here has to do with the
10	nature of the production function.
11	If there are economies of scale present in the
12	production function, then we would tend to expect, all
13	other things being equal, services with higher demand
14	growth to exhibit proportionately higher productivity
15	gains than services with lower demand growth.
16	But we would also expect that to an
17	influence in factor that would be the extent to which
18	the service the production function for the service
19	is labor versus capital intensive.
20	So for example, switched access and long
21	distance services would tend to exhibit higher
22	productivity gains if they were if they could be
23	their costs and input inputs and outputs could be
24	isolated than for the aggregate of all LEC services.
25	Q Thank you, Dr. Selwyn.
26	Now on page I'd like you to turn to your
27	reply testimony, Exhibit 63, and I'd like you to take a
28	look at line 11, 12?

1	A Of what?
2	Q Of page 13. Thank you very much.
3	I'm trying to talk slower so it takes me
4	awhile to get to the page numbers.
5	(Laughter)
6	MR. GOLABEK: Q At page 11, and I guess you had
7	made it in your direct at page 13 on line 11, I guess
8	you had made a similar statement.
9	In your direct testimony, you state that
10	effective competition is not likely to rapidly develop
11	in the foreseeable future.
12	Now isn't it true, Dr. Selwyn, that you didn't
13	personally conduct any studies which analyze or forecast
14	how quickly competition will develop in California?
15	A The statement no, I did not conduct such
16	studies. The statement is not based upon I don't
17	think such a study could be conducted. It was just a
18	simple answer.
19	Q It's also correct that you're not privy to any
20	plans AT&T or MCI might have internally for entry into
21	the local exchange market, are you?
22	A I have some knowledge of AT&T's plans in the
23	local exchange market.
24	Q And what knowledge do you have?
25	MR. FABER: Your Honor, I'm going to have to stop
26	now and object to the possibility that that might be
27	proprietary information.
28	I don't know Dr. Selwyn will probably tell

1	us but I would like to be careful to protect any
2	interests that AT&T might have in the answer to this
3	question.
4	MR. STOVER: I appreciate that, your Honor, and I
5	have confidence in Dr. Selwyn that he will not reveal
6	proprietary information, so I'm not objecting to that
7	question.
8	MR. FABER: So do I have confidence that Dr. Selwyn
9	won't reveal any proprietary information. I just wanted
10	to make clear that the record was clear from the
11	MR. STOVER: And I thank Mr. Faber for his
12	solicitude.
13	ALJ REED: Dr. Selwyn.
14	THE WITNESS: AT&T has indicated plans in initially
15	entering the local exchange market as a
16	nonfacilities-based reseller of LECs services. It has
17	announced these plans in several states.
18	And my firm has done some analytical work and
19	prepared testimony for AT&T on that subject. That's the
20	source of my knowledge.
21	MR. GOLABEK: Q And California's one of those
22	states?
23	A Yes.
24	Q And this I didn't hear you. Did you
25	respond?
26	A It is, yes.
27	Q Thank you.
28	And those plans call for entering into the

1	local market in 1996; is that correct?
2	MR. STOVER: I would object to that market the
3	timing of AT&T's market entry is proprietary
4	information, and I would object on that basis.
5	MS. BURDICK: I would also object as vague and
6	ambiguous. Dr. Selwyn testified that AT&T's plans in a
7	number of states and the question did not refer to a
8	particular statement wherein those plans may differ from
9	state to state.
10	MR. GOLABEK: Well, it was follow-up to the
11	question to California, but I will withdraw the
12	question, your Honor.
13	ALJ REED: Thank you, Mr. Golabek.
14	MR. GOLABEK: Q Now, you've made forecasts to the
15	Commission in the past about how future events will play
16	out in the California telecommunications market; is that
17	correct, Dr. Selwyn?
18	A Yes.
19	Q Now isn't it true that your last estimate to
20	the Commission, your last forecasts for the Commission
21	of a negative .723 elasticity for the interLATA toll
22	market was not accurate?
23	MR. FABER: Objection, your Honor. We had I
24	attempted to cross-examine some of the witnesses for the
25	LECs on elasticity and I all those questions were
26	objected to by Pacific Bell and by GTEC. And for
27	Mr. Golabek to now start asking questions about
28	elasticity seems highly inappropriate.

1	MR. GOLABEK: Your Honor, he's asking this
2	Commission to accept his expert opinion on what will
3	happen in the future.
4	Throughout his report he makes projections
5	about whether or not competition will or will not
6	rapidly develop in the foreseeable future among other
7	things, and I'm just trying to examine his track record
8	and ask him if that was his forecast and point out
9	that he's been inaccurate in the past.
10	MR. FABER: If that's what he's trying to do, I
11	wasn't clear that that's what he was trying to do, I
12	will object further for a lack of foundation.
13	The question was, isn't it true that the
14	negative .723 estimate was wrong? And I'd like
15	Mr. Golabek to produce for the record the evidence of
16	what the elasticity has been to date specifically so
17	that we can examine that question rather than requesting
18	Dr. Selwyn who doesn't have the details of the LEC's
19	toll revenues to tell.
20	MR. GOLABEK: Sorry, Mr. Faber. I didn't mean to
21	interrupt.
22	His projection is recorded in IRD, so I'll
23	withdraw the question also.
24	ALJ REED: Thank you, Mr. Golabek.
25	MR. GOLABEK: Q Now, Dr. Selwyn, I'd just like to
26	confirm a few things here and few minor points.
27	It's true you have a degree, Bachelor's degree
28	in Economics; is that correct?

1	A That's correct.
2	Q And you have a Master's degree, a Master's of
3	Science degree in Industrial Management?
4	A That's correct.
5	Q And your Ph.D. is in Management?
6	A That's correct.
7	Q Dr. Selwyn, you've stated that you've been
8	retained by the CCLTC for purposes of this proceeding.
9	Can you tell us what the hourly rate you are charging
10	CCLTC is?
11	A My hourly rate is \$250 an hour.
12	Q Okay. And how long did it take you to prepare
13	your testimony that you put into this proceeding?
14	A I'm trying to recall.
15	Q An estimate, if you can.
16	A Well, several members of my staff worked on it
17	in addition to myself. But I would estimate that
18	between the direct and the rebuttal, there were probably
19	in the range of 150 to 200 hours total, not all of which
20	was mine.
21	Q Sorry. I didn't mean to cut you off there.
22	And you attended this hearing on prior
23	occasions in this particular proceeding; isn't that
24	correct?
25	A I was here last week, yes.
26	MR. GOLABEK: That's all I have for Dr. Selwyn,
27	your Honor.
28	ALJ REED: Thank you, Mr. Golabek.

1	EXAMINATION
2	BY ALJ REED:
3	Q Dr. Selwyn, I have one question for you.
4	Would you recommend lowering your proposed
5	productivity factor if effective competition were
6	demonstrated?
7	A The productivity factor that I am recommending
8	is based upon what I believe is still a conservative
9	estimate of the potential productivity gain. If
10	effective competition were shown to exist broadly across
11	all segments of the LECs market, then the need for
12	continued economic regulation would evaporate.
13	My concern is that if there is effective
14	competition in some segments and there remains
15	substantial monopoly in others, that the opportunities
16	for cross-subsidization of the competitive services by
17	those remaining monopoly services is in no sense
18	diminished relative to that which might exist even today
19	with very limited competition.
20	And in that sense the need to have a
21	continuation of a price protection for the services that
22	remain monopolistic is undiminished. So as a general
23	matter I would not support a proposal that would tie the
24	X factor to the development of partial competition.
25	I think that if we actually were to have
26	extensive full competition segments, then economic
27	regulation itself could then be eliminated.
28	ALL PEED: Thank you Dr Selwyn

1	Mr. Faber, before I get to whether or not you
2	have redirect, what we are going to do with this Salomon
3	Brothers' report is, Mr. Sasser, you want this document,
4	this exhibit to go into the record; is that correct?
5	MR. SASSER: Yes, your Honor.
6	ALJ REED: What I would like is for you to submit
7	the entire document. It may not be today. It may be
8	that you will submit that as a late filed. But I will
9	reserve the number Exhibit No. 65.
10	(Euklikis No. 65 was marked for
11	(Exhibit No. 65 was marked for identification.)
12	ALJ REED: You withdrew the question that you had
13	on this page. So the full document will be in the
14	record. And that gives parties the freedom to, within
15	their briefs, expand on any context concerns that they
16	have.
17	Mr. Faber, did you have any redirect?
18	MR. FABER: I would like to request a few moments
19	off the record to confer with the witness.
20	ALJ REED: Okay. Why don't I give you ten
21	minutes.
22	MR. FABER: That would be fine, your Honor.
23	ALJ REED: We will be back at 10:15.
24	(Recess taken)
25	ALJ REED: On the record.
26	Mr. Faber.
27	MR. FABER: Yes, your Honor, I have some brief
28	direct for Dr. Selwyn.

1	ALJ REED: Redirect.
2	MR. FABER: What did I say?
3	ALJ REED: Direct.
4	REDIRECT EXAMINATION
5	BY MR. FABER:
6	Q Dr. Selwyn, you were asked whether services
7	with a higher demand growth exhibit a higher
8	productivity than services with lower demand growth, do
9	you recall that?
10	A Yes.
11	Q Can your answer be taken as implying a
12	long-term relationship between productivity and demand
13	growth, or was it limited to comparing services with
14	high growth versus low growth in the current time frame?
15	A It was definitely the latter. I interpreted
16	the question as implying that as well. In the long run,
17	companies can make adjustments in their cost structure
18	to compensate for sustained changes in the level of
19	demand. So that, for example, if there is a fundamental
20	change in demand growth due to, for example, the entry
21	of competition, then that can be captured in changes in
22	capital investment and other costs.
23	As I noted in my testimony, LECs are currently
24	replacing something between 10 and 11 percent or so of
25	their installed plant base each year so that there is
26	ample room for cost adjustment to accommodate sustained
27	demand changes.
28	I was referring in that answer simply to

1	different growth rates among current services such as
2	switched access and interstate services which tend to be
3	high growth versus local exchange dial tone lines which
4	tend to be relatively low growth service which is more
5	tied to population growth than to any other factor.
6	Q Dr. Selwyn, you were also asked about some
7	statements made on page 13 of your reply testimony at
8	lines 10 and 11 regarding the likelihood of the rapid
9	development of effective competition. Do you recall
10	that?
11	A Yes.
12	Q And you were also asked some questions about
13	AT&T's entry into the local exchange market in
14	California. Do you recall that?
15	A Yes.
16	Q And you said that AT&T's initial entry
17	strategy is to be a nonfacilities-based reseller of
18	local exchange services?
19	A That is my understanding, yes.
20	Q Are you aware of the fact that yesterday
21	Pacific Bell announced publicly that it intends to
22	provide resale of its local exchange services at its
23	cost?
24	MR. SASSER: Objection, your Honor. I think that is
25	beyond the scope of direct.
26	MR. GOLABEK: I would join in the objection.
27	MR. FABER: I would be happy to explain.
28	Mr. Golabek asked Dr. Selwyn about whether he thought

1	there was going to be effective competition rapidly
2	developing.
3	MR. GOLABEK: No, I did not. That is a
4	mischaracterization. I asked if he had any studies
5	whether he personally conducted any studies which
6	analyzed how quickly competition would develop in
7	California.
8	MR. FABER: I think there were several questions
9	asked about this, your Honor. But the fact is that he
0	asked him about a sentence that appears on page 10 and
1	11 lines 10, 11 and 12 of page 13 of the reply
12	testimony.
13	All I am intending here to show is that in
14	fact Dr. Selwyn does have support for that statement. I
15	think that Mr. Golabek is wrong in objecting because he
16	asked about support and that is all I am after now.
17	MR. SASSER: Your Honor, asking about Pacific
18	Bell's filing I don't think has anything to do with
19	support for Dr. Selwyn's knowledge of AT&T's plan.
20	MR. FABER: Again, they are misunderstanding, your
21	Honor. The question is that Dr. Selwyn already said
22	that AT&T intends to be a nonfacilities-based reseller
23	as an entry strategy. My question goes to whether or
24	not AT&T or any other reseller will be able to
25	effectively compete with Pacific Bell given a public
26	announcement that Pacific Bell is going to charge \$24
27	for resale of a service that it sells for \$11.25.
28	MR SASSER: Your Honor that is an outrageous

1 .	attempt to introduce evidence that is not in the
2	record. We are now going to get into litigation of
3	Pacific Bell's costs and provision of resale services.
4	It is far beyond the scope of the cross.
5	MR. STOVER: May I be heard briefly on this?
6	Simply that the eagerness of these two attorneys to
7	object to this question is directly related to the
8	inadvisability of the line of questioning that they
9	opened up. And, your Honor, they have to live with the
10	consequences of the areas that they have opened up.
11	Dr. Selwyn has testified that the evolution of
12	effective competition is likely to be slow, and they
13	asked him for the basis for that. And now Mr. Faber is
14	going to probe further on the question of the basis for
15	his assertion. It is entirely appropriate. And I
16	understand their eagerness to avoid it, but they opened
17	the door and Mr. Faber is merely walking through.
18	MR. GOLABEK: Your Honor, may I respond. There is
19	no eagerness to avoid the question necessarily. The
20	scope of redirect is to follow up on questions that I
21	have asked and the limited areas I got into.
22	I asked three areas, whether he has personally
23	conducted studies, privy to AT&T plans, and he said he
24	was, and what was AT&T's plans. That was it. That was
25	all. What they are trying to do is supplement the
26	record.
27	I think Mr. Faber said to begin with he wants
28	to offer some direct testimony. I know it was a slip of

1	the tongue, but that is exactly what they are attempting
2	to do at this particular point.
3	MR. FABER: That I object to because I said
4	redirect. Your Honor misheard me and Mr. Golabek
5	misheard me. I said redirect. I did not say direct. I
6	resent the insinuation Mr. Golabek is making by that
7	statement.
8	MR. GOLABEK: Nonetheless, I think this is beyond
9	the scope, and this would be in the nature of direct and
10	additional testimony, your Honor.
11	ALJ REED: Mr. Golabek, when you started your
12	questioning of Dr. Selwyn, you asked him he let you
13	know that he had some information about AT&T, but you
14	question was broader than that. You asked about larger
15	concerns.
16	Now, Mr. Faber, that you know what
17	Mr. Sasser's concern is in your question, can you ask
18	the questions that you intend in clarifying this area,
19	can you rephrase the question?
20	MR. FABER: I can try, your Honor.
21	Q Dr. Selwyn, you are aware of the current local
22	exchange rates that Pacific Bell and GTEC charge in this
23	state?
24	A Yes.
25	Q Do you believe that it would be possible for
26	effective resale competition to develop in this state if
27	either or both of them offered their local exchange
28	services for resale at a rate exceeding \$20?

1	A it would be extraordinarily difficult unless
2	the facilities-based resellers were prepared to accept
3	continuing losses. And it is difficult for me to
4	understand why they would be willing to do that.
5	Q Finally, Dr. Selwyn, would you turn to
6	Exhibit 64, the single-page excerpt that Mr. Sasser has
7	introduced from the Salomon report.
8	A Yes.
9	Q Mr. Sasser asked if you agreed that a
0	particular sentence appears in full in that report,
1	beginning with the word "consequently" in the middle of
12	the page. Do you see that?
13	A Yes.
14	Q Do you see that that sentence includes the
15	phrase "if one accepts the premise that there will be a
16	free-for-all of sorts with lots of players attempting to
17	provide branded end-to-end solutions?"
18	A I see that.
19	Q Is there any indication that the marketplace
20	accepts that premise?
21	A No. In fact, the thrust of my testimony is
22	that the marketplace does not accept that premise. It
23	is not even clear that Salomon accepts it because if
24	they did it is not clear why they would have written the
25	sentence with that qualification.
26	MR. FABER: That's all the questions I have, your
27	Honor. Thank you.
28	ALJ REED: Thank you, Mr. Faber.

1	Dr. Selwyn, you are excused. Thank you very
2	much.
3	THE WITNESS: Thank you, your Honor.
4	MR. FABER: Your Honor, I would renew my motion for
5	the admission of Exhibit 62 and 63.
6	ALJ REED: Are there any objections?
7	(No response)
8	ALJ REED: Exhibits 62 and 63 are received into
9	evidence.
0	(Exhibit Nos. 62 and 63 were
1	received into evidence.)
2	MR. SASSER: Your Honor, I would move the admission
3	of Exhibit 64.
4	MR. STOVER: Objection, your Honor. I would object
5	to the admission of 64. We have provided for the
16	admission of the entire document in 65. I don't see any
17	particular reason for the admission of 64. It is
8	incomplete.
19	MR. SASSER: Your Honor, questions have been asked
20	about this specific page, and I think for clarity of the
21	record there ought to be a separate exhibit attached to
22	it.
23	ALJ REED: Yes, that's fine.
24	Noting your objection, Mr. Stover, Exhibit
25	No. 64 is received into evidence.
26	(Exhibit No. 64 was received into
27	evidence.)
28	MS. GRAU: Your Honor, a housekeeping detail. The

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MAMESE ELL

California Committee of Larger relecommunication (Consumers (CCLTC)

September 8, 1995

Before the

PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Investigation on the Commission's own Motion into the Second Triennial Review of the operations and safeguards of the Incentive-Based Regulatory Framework for local exchange carriers.

1.95-05-047

Direct Testimony

of

LEE L. SELWYN

on behalf of the

California Committee of Large Telecommunications Consumers (CCLTC)

September 8, 1995

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MODIFYING	THE NRF.TO	REFLECT	PRODUCTIVITY	GROWTH AND	INPUT PRICE
TRENDS					34

The X factor formula must include the post-divestiture LEC productivity growth plus a LEC input price differential plus an appropriate "stretch factor," in order to mirror the efficiency incentives found in competitive markets and to ensure ratepayer protections.

34

This Commission should adopt the use of an input price differential based upon post-divestiture experience in setting the X factor, as the FCC did in its 1994 price caps review.

35

Recent "updates" and "corrections" to the original Christensen study do not remedy any of its deficiencies, and in fact contain numerous unexplained modifications to the original data upon which the earlier study had relied.

46

Pacific's ability to operate under an X factor greater than the 5% currently in effect in California is confirmed by its election of 5.3% in the interstate jurisdiction.

50

The New Regulatory Framework as it presently exists has achieved its goals and, except for the increase in the X factor that is required to capture the effects of falling real input costs and growing productivity, the basic structure of the NRF should be retained.

53

Appendix 1 Statement of Qualifications

- Appendix 2 C. Anthony Bush and Mark Uretsky, "Input Prices and Total Factor Productivity," First Report and Order, FCC CC Docket 94-1, Released April 7, 1995, Appendix F.
- Appendix 3 An Empirical Estimate of the LEC Price Cap "X Factor" Based Upon
 Historic National LEC Productivity and Input Price Trends, prepared by
 Economics and Technology, Inc. for the Ad Hoc Telecommunications Users
 Committee, and submitted with the Committee's Reply Comments in FCC
 CC Docket 94-1, June, 1994.
- Appendix 4 Effect of Inconsistent Use of Short-run and Long-run Input Price Relationships in USTA/Christensen TFP study and X factor Development



1		INTRODUCTION
2		
3	Qu	alifications
4		
5	Q.	Please state your name, position and business address.
6		
7	A.	My name is Lee L. Selwyn. I am President of Economics and Technology, Inc., One
8		Washington Mall, Boston, Massachusetts 02108. Economics and Technology, Inc. is a
9		research and consulting firm specializing in telecommunications economics, regulation,
10		management and public policy.
11		
12	Q.	Please summarize your educational background and previous experience in the field of
13		telecommunications regulation and policy.
14		
15	A.	I have prepared a Statement of Qualifications, which is annexed hereto as Appendix I.
16		
17	Q.	Have you previously testified before the California Public Utilities Commission?
18		
19	A.	Yes, I have participated in numerous proceedings before this Commission dating back to
20		the mid-1970s. These have included Pacific Telephone general rate case Applications
21		55492, 58223, 59849, 83-01-022 and 85-01-034. I have also testified in the Commis-
22		sion's generic Centrex rate and cost inquiry, Case 10191; in the Service Cost
23		Commission's OII 83-02-01 investigation regarding policy development for intrastate
24		exchange access charges and competition; at the Commission's en banc hearings on intra-
25		and interLATA telecommunications policy in November, 1984; in the revenue require-
26		ments, rate design, and modernization and utilization phases of Application 85-01-034; in
27		the GTE Mobilnet proceeding, A.83-07-04; in OII 87-11-031 dealing with the D.E.A.F.
28		surcharge, in the Los Angeles area ZUM Expansion proceeding (A.87-01-002/I. 87-02-
29		025), and in Application 90-11-011 involving so-called CLASS services.

i

1		I have also participated in all phases of the Commission's New Regulatory Frameworks
2		investigation, I.87-11-033, beginning with written comments submitted in response to the
3		Commission's August 11, 1987 Notice of En Banc Hearing on Competition and Regula-
4		tory Reform. I participated in the settlement workshops in Phase I, and submitted
5		testimony in Phase II, Phase III, the "Touch Tone/ELCA" phase, and in the Implemen-
6		tation and Rate Design (IRD) phase. I also submitted testimony in the first triennial
7		review of the New Regulatory Framework, A.92-05-002/004. In 1993, I appeared as a
8		witness for the Commission's Division of Ratepayer Advocates (DRA) in the PacTel
9		cellular/wireless "spin-off" investigation, I.93-02-028, and was an invited speaker at the
10		Commission's en banc hearings on infrastructure issues in July, 1993.
11		
12		I have also participated in several previous proceedings involving the Pacific Bell
13		Information Services Group (ISG) and PBIS issues — Application 88-08-031, the
14		Company's proposal to offer an enhanced services "gateway," in Application 92-12-052,
15		in which Pacific sought separate subsidiary status for ISG under the name "Pacific Bell
16		Information Services," and Application 93-11-031 which was to authorize PBIS to enter
17		the so-called "electronic publishing" business on a "below the line basis."
8		
19	Ass	signment
20		
21	Q.	On whose behalf is this testimony being submitted?
22		
23	A.	This testimony is submitted on behalf of California Committee of Large Telecommuni-
24		cations Consumers (CCLTC).
25		
26	Q.	What was the nature of your assignment in this proceeding?
27		
28	A.	I have been asked to review the current scope and operation of the New Regulatory
29		Framework (NRF) as modified by the Commission in D.94-06-011 and to develop and

- offer specific recommendations to the Commission for modifications, if any, that may be
- 2 required to the NRF in light of the forthcoming onset of local exchange service
- 3 competition.

l		OVERALL EFFECTIVENESS OF THE NEW REGULATORY FRAMEWORK
2		
3 4 5		ere is no need or basis for any fundamental change in the structure of NRF at this ie, although certain "mid-course corrections" should be considered.
6	Q.	What criteria should the Commission use in assessing the various proposals for revision
7		of the New Regulatory Framework that are being advanced in this investigation?
8		
9	A.	The purpose of incentive regulation — and of the NRF in particular — is to de-link rates
10		from costs and to shift risk (and reward) from ratepayers to management and share-
11		holders, while at the same time providing a net benefit to ratepayers in the form of lower
12		rates that capture the improved efficiency with which utilities subject to incentive
13		regulation are expected to operate. As such, any changes to the NRF should be limited
14		to refinements and to mid-course corrections of the system's parameters to reflect
15		knowledge gained during the first five-plus years of operation, rather than to effect
16		fundamental changes or reforms.
17		
18		In fact, the Commission did not anticipate making fundamental revisions to the NRF
19		when it first adopted the incentive regulation system in 1989. At that time, the
20		Commission held that the periodic reviews were "an opportunity to evaluate the
21		effectiveness of the chosen details and balance in the adopted regulatory framework, and
22		to make any mid-course corrections that may be needed."1
23		
24		And that was certainly the position advanced by the LECs in the first triennial review of
25		the NRF which began in May, 1992.2 In a report prepared for Pacific Bell and

^{26 1.} D.89-10-031, 33 CPUC 2d 43 at 203.

^{27 2.} A.92-05-002 (GTE-California); A.92-05-004 (Pacific Bell).